

23BCPI03

**UG PROGRAM (4 YEARS HONORS) WITH SINGLE MAJOR
AT THE END OF FIRST SEMESTER
FUNDAMENTAL OF SOCIAL SCIENCES**

**Common for B.A. (Mathematics, Tourism and Travel Management, Human Resource
Management, Journalism and Mass Communication, Economics, History, Political Science,
Social Work, Public Administration, Sociology, Special Telugu, Special English, Local Self
Government, Geography, Psychology, Philosophy)**

(w.e.f. Admitted Batch 2023-24)

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum: 70 Marks

SECTION -A (Multiple choice Questions)

30X1 =30

1. When was the beginning of social sciences as a field of study ()
a) 19th century b) 16th century c) 17th century d) 18th century
2. The history of the social sciences has origin in the common stock of ()
a) western philosophy b) Communism c) Socialism d) Democracy
3. When the term Social science was first appeared ()
a) 1824 b) 1825 c) 1826 d) 1827
4. Which science is known as one of the most scientific branches of social sciences. ()
a) Psychology b) Anthropology c) History d) Geography
5. Social sciences is considered to be combination of ()
a) Art and Technology b) Art and Science c) Art and Logic d) Art and Development
6. What does natural science study ()
a) Past event b) Actual event c) Natural events d) None of the above
7. The Indus Civilization was named Harappan Civilization by ()
a) Dayan ram Shane b) Sir John Marshall c) R.D.Banjee d) Charles Majin
8. History is ()
a) Human Future b) Human past c) Concern over human destiny d) None of above
9. Jain Guru ()
a) Mahaviras b) Tirthankaras c) Monks d) Charyakas

10. Rivers of North Hindustan ()

- a) Godavari, Krishna, Kaveri b) Jhelum, Chenab c) Ganges, Indus, Brahmaputra d) Falguni, Raavi

11. First Historian of India ()

- a) Milindapanha b) Kalhana c) Charka d) Arrow

12. The greatest of the Mauryan dynasty ()

- a) Bimbisara b) Ashoka c) Angada d) Mahipala

13. Who asserted the imperative fact ()

- a) Cari Roses b) Skinner c) Eric d) Maslow

14. Humanist ()

- a) Koehler b) Skinner c) Dhahran Dyke d) Kari Rojas

15. What is the IQ spread of the majority of the population ()

- a) 90-110 b) 70-90 c) 110-130 d) 20-50

16. The least mature sense in newborns is ()

- a) Sight b) Smell c) Touch d) Taste

17. Which one of the following is self prepared ()

- a) Motivation b) Passion c) Natural ability d) Attitude

18. Who is related to creative tests? ()

- a) Warren b) Torrance c) Kohlberg d) Nikon

19. What is the main economic problem faced by the society ()

- a) Unemployment b) Inequality c) Poverty d) Scarcity

20. Who dissolves the Lok Sabha ()

- a) Prime Minister b) Speaker c) Home Minister d) President

21. To whom has the Constitution given the power to govern the country ()

- a) Union Council of Ministers b) Inner House of States c) President d) Prime Minister

22. What is the minimum age required to become member of Parliament in Lok Sabha? ()

- a) 18 years b) 25 years c) 30 years d) 35 years

23. Which type of account holders only can avail overdraft? ()
 a) Saving Account b) Fixed Deposit Account c) Recurring Account d) Current Account
24. The brain of any computer system is ()
 a) ALU b) Memory c) CPU d) Control unit
25. The two kinds of main memory are ()
 a) Primary and secondary b) Random and sequential c) ROM and RAM d) All of above
26. Integrated Circuits (Ics) are related to which generation of computer ()
 a) First generation b) Second generation c) Third generation d) Fourth generation
27. Which device is required for the Internet connection ()
 a) Joystick b) Modem c) CD Drive d) NIC Card
28. WAN stands for ()
 a) Wap Area Network b) Wide Area Network c) Wide Array Net d) Wireless Area Network
29. What is the internet ()
 a) a single network b) a vast collection of different networks c) interconnection of local area network d) None of the mentioned
30. What is the name of the program or service that lets you view e-mail message? ()
 a) Web browser b) E-mail clients c) E-mail id d) Internet

SECTION -B (Fill in the Blanks)

10X1 =10

31. Social science gives students the experience of understanding about _____.
32. The main reason for the introduction of social science in our country is _____.
33. History is said to be _____ of social sciences.
34. The origin of the word history is linked to the Greek word _____.
35. Social interactions depend on _____.
36. Thinking is a cognitive _____.
37. In India _____ democratic system is in operation.
38. Microeconomics studies _____.
39. _____ is known as a main memory.
40. A string of 8 bits is _____.

SECTION - C (Very short answer questions) - 10X1=10

41. Definition of Social Science

42. Concept of Social Science

43. Concept of History

44. History is the study of Man

45. Meaning of psychology

46. Concept of psychology

47. Political parties

48. Democratic politics

49. What is a digital computer

50. What is an analog computer

SECTION - D (Matching)

2X5=10

I.

51. Social Control

() a) Max Weber

52. Ideal Forms

() b) Controlling behavior individuals

53. Sepoy Mutiny

() c) 235-100 BC

54. Satavahanas

() d) 1857

55. Self-prepared

() e) The destination practice process

II.

56. The thought is

() a) Natural ability

57. Father of local self Governments

() b) President organizations in India

58. Constituent council of States

() c) Lord Rippon

59. Bar code

() d) Fourth generation

60. Very Large scale integration

() e) Universal product Code (UPC)

SECTION - E (True or False)

10X1=10

61. Politics affects our daily lives in more ways than one.

62. Social science gives students social knowledge

63. History preserves our heritage and identity in society

64. History promotes cultural awareness in society

65. Today's society does not need psychology

66. Psychology is considered a powerful tool for social progress.

67. Legislature has certain financial power

68. Macroeconomics cannot examine the entire economy

69. A monitor displays information

70. A pen drive is a storage device